

RATCHFORD AT HOME.

He Arrived This Morning But Left Again.

HE IS CONFIDENT OF SUCCESS.

The President of the U. M. W. of A., While in Massillon, Says That the Miners are Orderly and Well in Hand and are Bound to be Victorious.

The only change in the mining situation today is reported by dispatches from the Pittsburgh district, which announce that at least 3,000 mine workers have been added to the list of strikers since yesterday. The officers of the national organization are pleased with the outlook and insist that victory for the miners is assured. Of the 21,000 miners employed in the Pittsburgh district, which is now considered the key to the situation, at least 18,000 men are now idle, and District President Dolan fully expects to make the strike general there within a week. Of the 3,000 Pittsburgh district men who are working 1,000 are employed by the New York and Cleveland Gas Coal Company, and in spite of ironclad contracts 250 miners employed by M. A. Hanna & Co., at the Borland mine, have joined the strikers.

There is danger of a coal famine in Cleveland, for it is alleged that the supply there will not last a week. Receivers Herrick and Blickensderfer, of the W. & L. E. railway, are expected to receive the Cleveland manufacturers, however, as their miners at Long Run and Dillonvale are expected to resume work. These mines, however, may not begin work for the Long Run men seem determined to hold out. It is at Dillonvale where the strikers are weakening, but they have been warned not to go in by the strikers at Long Run, and have thus far obeyed. Martial law is now in effect there and twenty-five deputies were stationed today under United States Marshal Deviney, but the mines are still idle and are likely to remain so although every effort is being made by the W. & L. E. company to induce them to work. The strikers remained quiet last night and have thus far made no effort to destroy the company's property.

The C. L. & W. company's miners at Wheeling Creek met Wednesday afternoon and decided to join the strike. This adds nearly 2,000 to the list of idle miners. They will not resume until the strike is settled.

TROUBLE FOR DILLONVALE.

It is generally understood that serious trouble will follow any attempt on the part of the Dillonvale miners to resume work. Union miners, located at Sherodsville and various other places on the east division of the W. & L. E. railway, will take steps to prevent a resumption even by resorting to violence. Railway men stated today that the miners referred to have openly threatened to force the Dillonvale men to quit work should they go in.

President M. D. Ratchford, of the United Mine Workers of America, arrived in Massillon from Columbus, Friday morning, and left again at 1:03 o'clock this afternoon for Pittsburgh, where an important conference is to be held with President Gompers, of the American Federation of Labor, officials of the iron and steel workers' association, railway employees' organization and other labor unions. They will discuss the mining situation, and while he would not undertake to predict the outcome of the conference, Mr. Ratchford said it would have a direct bearing on the strike.

Mr. Ratchford is sanguine. "You cannot too strongly express on paper my confidence of the success of the movement," said he. "Our forces are well in hand, and there have been no disturbances. I have advices from the Pittsburgh district that, with the exception of the 1,200 men in the employ of De Armit, the whole region has joined the movement. And we will reach the De Armit mines in a very short time. The miners of the South, too, particularly Tennessee, have taken up the matter, and I have just learned that all the mines on the Cincinnati & Southern railway are now idle.

"The suspension has reached its proportions without our having a single extra man in the field. The regular corps of officers has worked alone. Next week there will be thirty representatives of the organization at work and by next Friday we will have 150,000 to 160,000 men in line. It is difficult to make an accurate estimate as to how many miners have joined the strike, but I consider 125,000 a conservative one, and the number is daily increasing."

Mr. Ratchford has received many communications from both operators and miners asking whether or not the organization will sanction the operation of mines where the price demanded is being paid. To all such, Mr. Ratchford sends a negative reply. "It is our purpose," said he, "to empty the market by a complete cessation of work. We desire nothing to be done for the next six days. Then the matter of giving our consent to miners who can secure their price to work, will be taken up and acted upon. I am advised that there is one mine in the Massillon district in operation, and that the miners are being paid 60 cents a ton. My opinion has been asked in the matter and I have given it in accordance with the foregoing statement."

turned from Dillonvale and Long Run at noon today. They report the situation there as being quiet and peaceful. United States deputy marshals are on duty, but the miners at Dillonvale have not resumed work. They have expressed a willingness to do so repeatedly but have refrained through fear of being molested by strikers from neighboring mines and districts. Threats to this effect have been made to them, but in spite of the protection afforded they are loath to begin. Seven cars of coal were loaded by the day men at Dillonvale mine No. 2 this morning, but the coal was down and was simply loaded to clear the mine.

The general situation is even more favorable to the strikers than it appeared on Thursday. Nearly 20,000 men in the Pittsburgh district are idle and the 1,200 working today may be induced to join the strikers this week. Local operators say today that the miners will surely win if they can hold out for thirty days at least. The fear of a coal famine has already advanced the price of coal in Cleveland and other cities from 25 to 50 per cent, and the price will be doubled during the next few days. Coal companies are experiencing some trouble by railways confiscating coal which has been shipped over the various lines and appropriating it to their own use. It is a question as to whether the present advanced price can be secured from these companies, and a test case has been instituted against the Lake Shore road. Fifteen thousand cars of coal have been confiscated by Illinois railroads because of a recent supreme court opinion which says railroad companies have the right to appropriate for their use any coal on its property in case of strikes, regardless of the consignment.

Sixteen more deputies were sworn in at Cincinnati, yesterday, and will be stationed at Dillonvale. They receive \$5 per day and their arms. The receivers of the W. & L. E. railway have issued strict orders to agents to refuse to haul whisky or any other intoxicants to Dillonvale, Long Run or Mt. Pleasant. Trouble cannot be averted there if the few men who are desirous of working go in. A dispatch from Canal Dover says that there is a bad feeling among the miners at Midvale against the C. L. & W. Railway Company and that trouble will follow any attempt on the part of that company to haul West Virginia coal. Thus far the company has not attempted it. During the recent strike the experiment cost the company several bridges and cars.

CANTON AND COURT HOUSE.

Items of General Interest from the County Seat.

CANTON, July 9.—The Massillon Loan and Building Company, by Lawyer Robert H. Day, began suit against John Rigler and others today to secure foreclosure of a mortgage. The petition alleges that the defendant has wholly failed to pay interest, premiums and fines on a loan of \$1,400 and the plaintiff corporation desires the premises covered by the mortgage sold to satisfy the claim.

Frank and Alfred Vaughn, who were tried before Mayor Rice on the charge of destroying property belonging to the Yeagley family, have been dismissed, the evidence against them not being sufficient to warrant the holding of the accused to a higher court. The costs in the case aggregate \$126.85 which will have to be paid by the county. Of this amount \$66.60 were paid to witnesses, \$48.80 to the Canton marshal and \$13.15 to Mayor Rice. The county commissioners offered a reward of \$100 for the conviction of the perpetrators of the crime of which the Yeagleys were victims.

Sale bill has been filed in the estate of Jacob Klingman, of Nimishillen township. A final distributive account has been filed in the assignment of Matthew Bast, of Canton.

Marriage licenses have been granted to Joseph E. Cowles and Mary A. Graber, of Owahee; John Kennedy and Agnes C. Walker, of East Greenville; Oscar F. Wagner and Rosa Rafenacht, of Canton; John Brugger and Elizabeth Zimmerman, of Alliance.

IN PROBATE COURT.

CANTON, July 8.—In the case of E. J. Johnson & Co., vs. Mary Gibbons, of Alliance, proceedings in aid of execution were dismissed at plaintiffs' cost. Final distributive account has been filed in the estate of Azariah Charlton, of Bethlehem township. A petition to sell real estate in the estate of Harrison E. Judd, of Alliance, has been filed. Inventory and appraisement have been filed in the estate of Oliver J. Vine, of Nimishillen township. Public sale of real estate has been ordered in the estate of Eliza Reed, of Canton. The trustee in the estate of Francis Crawford, of Sandy township, has filed the sixth partial account. In the case of Ohio vs. James Rice, charged with petit larceny, the defendant was found guilty by Judge Wise and was sentenced to pay a fine of \$15. In default of payment Rice was committed.

LOCOMOTIVE ENGINEERS NOT IN THE STRIKE.

CLEVELAND, July 10. [By Associated Press] Chief R. V. Arthur, of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers, when asked about the truth of the report that he had been asked to issue orders to the engineers to refuse to haul coal until the miners' strike was settled, said that there was absolutely no truth in the report whatever. His attention has been in nowise directed to the miners' strike.

An unfailing specific for cholera morbus, cholera infantum, diarrhoea and all those other dangerous diseases inci-

THE STRIKERS GAINING.

Gradually is the Movement Becoming General.

IN THE PITTSBURG DISTRICT.

Miners There are Putting Their Shoulders to the Wheel—Dillonvale Men Decline to Work Under Protection of Deputies—Crystal Spring Men Out.

A week has passed since the inauguration of the miners' general strike and thus far their efforts toward securing an increased rate for mining have been peaceful, though trouble has repeatedly been predicted, and in a measure successful. Daily the number of strikers is being enlarged and the success of the movement is now almost assured. In the Pittsburgh district, the pivotal point, the miners are gaining steadily and the operators are beginning to consider the advisability of bringing the strike to a close, and by arbitrary measures, if possible. The majority of the mine owners are of the opinion that a rate of 60 cents for Pittsburgh can be established, thus leaving the Ohio price the same, 51 cents. The Dillonvale and Long Run mines, on the W. & L. E. Ry., are still idle today, and a great mass meeting is being held. The men got together last night and decided that if it was necessary for the company to send United States deputy marshals to protect them they would not work. It is a current report there that the Wheeling & Lake Erie officials are endeavoring to secure other men, but at headquarters this is denied. In spite of the earnest requests of the company and the presence of the deputies, and conspicuous display of United States court bulletins, the men stand firm.

In addition to the bulletin posted at Dillonvale and Long Run on Monday the following notice, signed by Judge W. H. Taft, was placed in conspicuous places on Friday: "United States Circuit Court, Southern District of Ohio, Eastern Division. The Metropolitan Financial and Industrial Company, complainant, vs. the Wheeling and Lake Erie Railway Company, defendant.

"Myron T. Herrick and Robert Blickensderfer, receivers of the Wheeling and Lake Erie Railway Company and receivers of the W. & L. E. and Pittsburgh Coal Company.

"It is heretofore ordered by the court that the United States marshal consult with the receivers of this court and send to Jefferson county and other parts of this district a sufficient number of United States marshals to protect the mining property and the railroad property now being operated by said receivers, under an order of this court and that said marshal report to this court from time to time his action under this order.

"Said marshal and his deputies are hereby directed to arrest and detain in their custody any person found destroying or attempting to destroy any of the property in the hands of these receivers or any person found engaged in threatening violence or doing violence to any person in the employ of these receivers for the purpose of preventing such employees from continuing in said employ, and to hold such persons in custody until proper proceedings against them can be taken before this court of contempt of the orders thereof, and the receivers are hereby directed without delay to file an ancillary bill or intervening petition for an injunction against all persons engaged in any attempt to interfere with the lawful operation of the miners or railroads in their charge under and by authority of the order of this court."

Deputy marshals have also been placed along the Baltimore & Ohio road, to prevent interference with the transportation of West Virginia coal which is being delivered to the C. L. & W. Two train loads of empty cars have been forwarded to Bellaire by the C. L. & W., which will be sent to West Virginia to be loaded. The miners at Wheeling creek are keeping close watch, and Bellaire dispatches say serious trouble will follow any attempt on the part of the C. L. & W. to haul non-union coal through the striking districts.

MESSRS. WELCH AND HARNEY.

District President Frank Welch, of the U. M. W. of A., and Patrick Harney were in town Friday evening. The former said that so far as he knew every mine in the district but one was then idle and that the employees of that one intended to suspend either Saturday or Monday. This is the Crystal Spring Coal Company's mine. Mr. Harney is himself employed there. "And we are all loyal, too," said he. "The circulars which the U. M. W. of A. officials issued did not say that those who were being paid the price should strike, and when our employers offered us 60 cents a ton we decided to continue to work until we could learn whether or not this was in accordance with the policy of the official board. And now that we learn that it is not, we will be idle until the strike is ended."

President Welch has received communications from the miners of the northern part of the district, stating that the operators are willing to pay 60 cents and asking if they may return to work. Mr. Welch has made the same reply as that given by Mr. Ratchford—remain idle for the present under all circumstances.

THE MINERS NOW IDLE.

CRYSTAL SPRING, July 10.—The miners

a ton, have refused to work longer, President Welch having requested them to suspend.

STANDARD MINE WORKING.

NAVARRE, July 10.—The Standard mine, owned by the L. Hess Coal Company, of Massillon, is working steadily, the men being paid 60 cents a ton. Thirty-six men are employed and some of them belong to the various miners' organizations.

A SUIT FOR DAMAGES.

Other Items of General Interest from the County Seat.

CANTON, July 10.—Simon W. Jennings has begun suit against the city of Alliance, petitioning for damages in the sum of \$3,000, for personal injuries. Mr. Jennings alleges that the sidewalk in North Walnut avenue extends over a dangerous ravine, and that guard rails had not been provided by the city. In passing across he fell, sustaining permanent injuries, and was wholly disabled for nineteen weeks.

The annual report of the criminal business for the year ending July 1 has been completed by Deputy Probate Judge August. It shows the number of criminal cases to have been 48: number of convictions 34; cases still pending, 15; cases dismissed, nolle prosequi, 19; number of boys sent to the reform farm, 16, of whom 12 were for truancy; girls sent to industrial school, 4; sentences of prisoners to workhouse, 6; total amount of fines imposed, \$131; collected, \$31; worked out at workhouse, \$100; total costs taxed, \$1,773; costs taxed against defendants, \$702.36; amount collected, \$388.92.

William Dickerhof was arrested by Constable Jackman, yesterday, on a charge of non-support preferred by Mrs. Dickerhof. The charge was made on June 21, but Dickerhof was not located until Friday. He had been employed at the Massillon asylum. In default of \$200 bail he was committed.

Petitions to remove trustees have been filed in the assignments of Levi L. Lamborn, and Lamborn & Gray, of Alliance. Inventory and appraisement have been filed in the estate of George F. Dahlheimer, of Tuscarawas township. An application for appointment of a guardian for Rachel Ware, of Lexington township, has been filed and hearing fixed for July 14.

FINAL ACTION DEFERRED.

Operative Potters Confer on Wage Rates.

EAST LIVERPOOL, July 9.—At the session of the National Brotherhood of Operative Potters the proposition demanding the restoration of the 12 1/2 per cent. reduction in the wage scale made at the time the Wilson tariff bill went into effect, was discussed, and the scale embodying this proposition was practically adopted. Final action was deferred pending a conference between a committee of the brotherhood and a committee from the manufacturing potters of this city. The latter have a proposition to offer for a sliding wage scale, having for its basis the selling price of ware. The scale will not be made public in its entirety until after its submission to the local unions for approval.

IN THE MAYOR'S COURT.

The Aston Case Settled—William Holt's Troubles.

Richard Aston, charged with the theft of two kegs of beer from the wagon of Anton Koppas it stood in East Greenville recently, paid the costs of the case to the mayor this morning, and the charge was withdrawn by the plaintiff. Mr. Aston protested his innocence and announced that his only purpose in life hereafter will be to get even.

William Holt claims that David Miller aimed a loaded revolver at his head, on Wednesday, and has had Mr. Miller arrested. He pleaded not guilty before the mayor, and the trial will take place next Thursday.

NEW CARS.

The W. & L. E. Passenger Equipment to be Improved.

When the present work of congress is completed every passenger coach on the Wheeling & Lake Erie railroad will be as good as new, besides which they will be heated by steam and furnished with seats of the latest improvement.

The first train will probably be out of the Ironville shops this month. The very best of taste is being displayed in selecting the color of the paint which will be a light Pullman. Three of the coaches, 364, 4010 and 406 are about complete.

Potters Agree About Wage Scale.

EAST LIVERPOOL, July 10.—In the closing hours of the National Brotherhood convention here, Thursday evening, the wage scale was adopted for the coming year, subject to the action of a commission from this convention and the meeting of the manufacturers, to be called in Pittsburgh in about two weeks, upon a sliding scale to be governed by the selling price under the Dingley tariff. A basis of union between the operative potters of the East and of the West was also agreed upon, and these bodies are now practically united.

Gloster Miners Satisfied.

COLUMBUS, July 10.—[By Associated Press] W. C. Pearce, secretary of the United Mine Workers, is home from Gloster, and says the miners there have no intention of stopping West Virginia coal passing through there. He says the miners are fully satisfied with the suspension of work, because they believe public sentiment is in their favor.

Pure blood and good digestion are an insurance against disease and suffering.

JUST LIKE PLUMFIELD.

Little Men and Women of the Charity Rotch School.

PREPARING FOR LIFE'S BATTLES.

Some History and Some Facts Concerning the Institution that has Done so Much for Many a Poor Child—All the Pupils are Healthy, Healthy and Happy.

Just such a place as Louisa M. Alcott's "Plumfield" is the Charity Rotch school, which is a few minutes' walk from the city limits, out Front street. And just such persons as Jo's little men and women are the twenty-eight boys and girls that Superintendent and Mrs. A. R. Hanna are now giving the training that is to make them all honest, industrious and useful members of society. Every now and then prosperous-looking men and women come from afar to visit the old place and to tell Mr. and Mrs. Hanna that years ago they worked and studied and played there, and that they wanted to renew their acquaintance with the familiar scenes of their youth.

The history of the Charity Rotch school dates back as far as 1824. In that year, Mrs. Charity Rotch, in whose honor the school was named, a pious and philanthropic resident of Kendal and a member of the Society of Friends, died, leaving a considerable estate, which, in her will, she said should be converted into money and used in "promoting the establishment of a benevolent institution for the education of destitute orphans and indigent children, more especially those whose parents are of depraved morals, that they may be trained up in habits of industry and economy." The present board of trustees is composed of Frank L. Baldwin, Sylvester Johnson and Charles Steese. Mrs. C. McCullough Everhard is president of the institution, and E. A. Jones is secretary.

In connection with the school there is now a farm of 180 acres. The main building is of brick, 45x50 feet, four stories high, and was erected in 1843. There is another building, also of brick, 18x42 feet and three stories high. The school has a vested fund of about \$30,000, at interest, and this has supplied the means for the purchase of the farm, the erection of the buildings, and, together with the produce of the land, which is exempt from taxation, is now the support of the institution.

The location of the school is a most desirable one from a sanitary as well as every other standpoint. Sickness is quite unknown there. In the six years of Supt. Hanna's incumbency not once has a physician crossed through the threshold on a professional errand, except in 1894, when he was called in to mend the broken bones of Ray Rush and Isaac Reeder, who had fallen from a chestnut tree. But they were victims of an accident, and not disease. The pupils don't know the meaning of that word and their knowledge of the common ailments is limited. This is because they are up and doing at 5:30 every morning, the boys milking the cows and the girls assisting in the preparation of breakfast, to which they all sit down an hour later. Then each child has regular duties to perform before school opens, which is at 8:30 o'clock. At 11:30 they are dismissed for dinner and 12:30 finds them at their books again. After leaving the schoolroom at 3:30, they go about their work and are ready for supper at 5:30. The retiring hour is 8 o'clock. Just now there is no school, and aside from reading, of which pupils are expected to do a certain amount every day, there are no lessons. There is more work to do now than at any other time of the year, and all are busy, the girls in and about the house and the boys in the field. The girls are not allowed to do any of the heavier outdoor work. That is what the boys are for. School will open in September, having been closed three months. The course of study embraces orthography, reading, writing, arithmetic, United States history, grammar, geography, algebra, natural philosophy and physiology. Frank Hanna, son of the superintendent, is the instructor. There is a good library in the schoolroom, which occupies the south-east portion of the building.

The children, who range in age from eleven to slightly more than seventeen years, all possess that ruddy complexion and activity that bespeak plenty of open air exercise and good substantial food, with milk three times a day. Isaac Reeder and Florence Bess will soon be eighteen years old, and reluctantly, they say, they will leave the dear old place to take up the battles of life. Mr. Reeder wants to become a farmer, and has already secured a place at \$13 a month with Mr. Crofut, who tills the Noble farm. It is Miss Bess's ambition to complete her education, and as she is a remarkably bright young woman, it is hoped that an opportunity will present itself.

Ray Rush is the bookworm of the school. He is now sixteen years of age and entered the school from Knox county four years ago. In the first year and a half that he was there he read fifty books and every paper and magazine that he could lay his hands on. His eyes failed him at last, and he was obliged to lay his beloved volumes aside for a long time. He also excels in mathematics, and he wants to become a tele-

subject has learned a great deal concerning the art.

Before William Stearn became eighteen, a short time ago, and went to Smithville, he was the pupil of a mechanical turn of mind. He used to make the most ingenious things, among them a turn-lathe, on which the boys still make base ball bats, croquet balls and such things. He knew all about the workings of the wind-pump, could mend anything, no matter how badly damaged, and, in fact, was a born mechanic.

The pupils are in no sense objects of charity. Every one of them works for his living, and an idea of what they do can be gleaned from the fact that, with the superintendent and his family, they are now looking after forty acres of wheat, forty of hay, twenty each of corn and oats, four acres of potatoes, one-half acre of sorghum, the orchard, pasture, and the timber. And the girls look after things about the house, which in that large family is no small matter.

To gain admission to the school it is not necessary that the child should be of this county, or of the state. But he must be at least ten years of age, of good mental and physical constitution, of fair moral character, and destitute of means of securing an education. There are always a large number of applicants, and it is a matter of regret that all cannot be accommodated.

Stolen Money Orders.

The following has been received by the Massillon postoffice authorities:

CINCINNATI, O., July 1, 1897.

A tramp about five feet ten inches high, slender built, large grey eyes, light soft hat, dirty light clothes, smooth face, usually personates a farm hand, is passing stolen B. More, O., money orders. He does not call at postoffice but passes the orders on merchants generally after postoffice is closed. Please advise your merchants and police, and if possible cause the fellow's arrest. If successful, search him and hold him and all articles found in his possession until the arrival of an inspector, who will come immediately upon your notification of this office by telegraph of the arrest. Make no failure of this matter—very important.

JOHN F. SALMON,

Inspector in charge.

Miners Expect Co-operation.

PITTSBURG, July 10.—[By Associated Press]—The miners expect the co-operation of railroad men and labor organizations. President Ratchford, when asked if the railroad men would be asked to refuse to haul coal until the strike is settled, said they expected the co-operation of railroad men, but that it would be unfair to ask them to refuse to haul coal until all other methods failed.

Cleveland Factories Out of Coal.

CLEVELAND, July 10.—[By Associated Press]—The price of steam coal has advanced one dollar since Thursday, and the feeling of alarm is beginning to spread. Thousands of workmen are out of employment on account of the factories stopping for want of fuel. Street car traffic will soon be stopped.

West Virginia the Battle Ground.

PITTSBURG, July 10.—[By Associated Press]—The decision of the labor leaders here to send organizers to West Virginia, makes that the battle ground. Every energy will be employed to get the West Virginia mines closed.

Three Deaths in Chicago Yesterday.

CHICAGO, July 10.—[By Associated Press]—Three deaths from heat are reported here today. All were prostrated yesterday. The weather is still very hot though several degrees cooler than yesterday.

Many Prostrations at Cincinnati.

CINCINNATI, July 10.—[By Associated Press]—There have been many prostrations from heat here today, but only two fatal up to noon. The thermometer registered 92 at noon.

Burned to Death at Pittsburg.

PITTSBURG, July 10.—[By Associated Press]—A lamp exploded and fired the house of Samuel Brown, at Reading, this morning, and he and his wife were burned to death.

Senator Quay Will be a Candidate.

HARRISBURG, Pa., July 10.—[By Associated Press]—Senator Quay has announced that he will be a candidate for United States senator, to succeed himself.

The Heat In Pittsburg.

PITTSBURG, July 10.—[By Associated Press]—Three deaths and several prostrations from heat are reported here today. The thermometer registers 91.

OBITUARY NOTICE.

MRS. CATHERINE MILLER.

Mrs. Catherine Miller, aged 58 years, died at her home in Cliff street Wednesday evening of dropsy of the heart. She was a widow and leaves one son. The funeral services were held in St. Mary's church Friday morning.

MIRIAM KLEIN.

The death of Miriam, the five-months old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. William Klein, who reside on the Wales farm, occurred Thursday, of indigestion.

RALPH BOWMAN MCCONNELL.

Ralph Bowman McConnell, the 6-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. L. E. McConnell, who reside on the Moffit farm, died on Friday, of appendicitis. The funeral services will be held Sunday afternoon at 1:30 from the residence, and later at the Lutheran church at West Brookfield. The boy was taken ill one week ago. A few days previous he and the other children were caught in a heavy thunder storm, and the physician says that his illness dates from that time.

Reports from the wheat crop now being harvested in Ohio show that it promises an excellent yield. The berry is plump, and the stand good. The yield will be fully up to the average. Similar good reports come from the growing corn. The present hot weather is just the thing for both wheat and corn.

The Alliance Daily Leader, the Democratic organ of eastern Stark county, has been sold to the publishers of the Alliance Review, the Republican newspaper. Inability to place the paper on a paying basis is the reason assigned for the transfer. The Review has outlived some vicious competition and deserves credit for its present prosperous condition.

Mr. Horace L. Chapman wishes it to be distinctly understood that he wants no "honorable" tacked on to his name. "I am a plain man," says Mr. Chapman. "and plain Horace L. is good enough for me." The Cleveland Leader in calling attention to this praiseworthy humility on the part of the Democratic nominee for governor, says that when a man who wants political honors talks that way in public it is always safe to set him down as a thorough demagogue.

Some representatives of the operators and of the miners have expressed a willingness to submit their sides of the present dispute to impartial investigation, and it is to be hoped that if such a course is possible it will be resorted to at once, for a continuation of the struggle for several weeks will cause much suffering in the families of the miners. The principle of arbitration as a means of settling disputes between nations is winning adherents, and there seems to be no reason why it should not be applied to the present difficulty.

About 7,000 delegates of the National Educational Association are now in session in Milwaukee. This is an unofficial body, not recognized by state or national laws, and having no power of legislation, but it nevertheless seeks, within its limitations, to promote the cause of national education, particularly in the common schools. The magnitude of its cause may be somewhat understood by the statement that in round numbers there is expended annually for common schools in this country the sum of \$200,000,000, and that there are employed nearly 400,000 teachers, who have under instruction nearly 16,000,000 children and youths.

The passage of the tariff bill by the Senate was, of course, a foregone conclusion, the only question being as to the size of the majority. The Republican party has redeemed its pledge to the people that as soon as possible after obtaining power it would prepare a way for greater business activity by revising the tariff, and those who complain that congress has been slow in its work, should consider the magnitude of the task which it has just accomplished and the fact that the measure had to be engineered through the Senate with an adverse majority. It is now believed that the conferees will come to an agreement within the next few weeks and that the bill will be a law at the end of the present month.

The usefulness and value of an institution which is located at our own doors is apt to be forgotten in the interest which attaches itself so easily to what is newer and not so near at hand; and except by those who are familiar with its history, the Charity Rotch School is regarded as a sort of infirmary, a charitable institution, supported by county funds, admirable in its way, but not to be compared with other schools. Its name has been an unfortunate one in this respect, for it is not generally known that it was that of the woman who founded it, and whose money, left for the purpose, has since its continued existence possible. The trustees who look after the interests of the school, serve without compensation and the original intentions of its founder are carried out in every detail. It has been the means of teaching numberless men and women who have since made their mark in the world, and who, but for the unselfish forethought of Charity Rotch, would have been unable to obtain an education.

THE FRIEND OF THE MASSES.
The Toledo Blade says that when Jesse Lewis, of Urbana, placed Horace L. Chapman's name before the Democratic convention last week, he declared in a loud voice, and with many gesticulations, that while Mr. Chapman has been a mine owner for many years, he never had a strike in his mine. When Mr. Lewis said this, he uttered a falsehood, and he probably knew it, for two strikes had occurred in Mr. Chapman's mines, and one of them was of so serious a nature that troops were ordered to the scene. Within a week after this statement by Mr. Lewis, the miners in Mr. Chapman's

mines went out. Dispatches from Jackson give the news that last night all the miners in the Jackson district, including those in Mr. Chapman's three mines, decided to join the strikers, and went out in a body.

It will now be interesting to watch the course of Mr. Chapman. He is at the head of the Ohio Operators' Association, and in the past has used his influence in favor of that organization, whether it met the wishes of the miners or not. What will he do now? Mr. Chapman is compelled to face a puzzling problem early in the morning.

THE MINERS' OUTLOOK.
The one requisite for success in the present effort of coal miners to obtain higher wages is that the movement shall be general and complete. President Hatchford is now assured that the miners in the Pittsburgh district will be out this week, and as this district is looked upon as the most important, there is little doubt as to the outcome of the strike. Local operators are entirely in sympathy with the miners and would like to see the rate increased. In previous strikes the men in the Pittsburgh district did not act unitedly and the failure to meet the demands of the miners was largely due to their divided action. If the Pittsburgh rate can now be fixed at 69 cents, Massillon operators will pay 60 cents without delay, for they thoroughly agree that the men should have the price demanded. The only danger to be feared is that the striking miners may attempt to interfere with the transportation of West Virginia and Pennsylvania coal through Ohio to the lakes. It is to be hoped that no such violation of law will be attempted. No individual has any possible right to interfere with the railroads in the performance of their duties as common carriers, and no organization has any more right in this respect than an individual. Violence in aid of the strike will simply lose to the miners the sympathy and support of the law abiding element in the community and serve to decrease their chances for success.

RANDOM COMMENT.

Appropos of Bunker Hill day, a Boston newspaper complains that the famous monument, which when first erected was the tallest creation of man in this country, has now become quite insignificant in height. It is 220 feet high, or 327 feet shorter than City Hall tower in Philadelphia.

Von Moltke was an early riser and loved early risers. Once, while roaming around his Silesian estate at daybreak, he found a peasant woman bearing on her back a sack of potatoes which she had just dug, making a load heavy enough for a mule. "Here's a thaler for you," said the great field marshal, "you see, the early bird catches the worm." Afterward he found out that she was a night thief who had ravaged his fields persistently, but whom his steward had never got up early enough to catch.

One of the heroes of the Paris fire is a journeyman plumber named Piquet. When the conflagration was raging, he dashed in and out among the flames, always returning with a woman or child in his arms, and must have saved twenty lives during the hour in which he worked. His face was enveloped in wet linen, and the last time he rushed into the flames a gentleman put a coat around him. He returned with a human form enveloped in a dress which was burning. As he laid it on the ground a charred foot remained in his hand. It was then that Piquet had to stop, so he proceeded to the work shop where he was employed. When his comrades plied him with questions about his burned face and scorched hair, he tried to give evasive answers, but the master insisted on knowing what had happened. Then the brave man, overwhelmed with emotion at the scene he had witnessed, burst into a paroxysm of weeping. Piquet is to be given the Cross of the Legion of Honor.

THE PRESIDENT DETERMINED.

He Will Send a Message For Currency Commission, Probably Monday.

WASHINGTON, July 10.—The main topic of discussion before the cabinet at the regular meeting was the message on the subject of a currency commission, which had been withheld for a few days in deference to the wishes of many prominent Republicans.

After considering all of the objections that had been made against the presentation of the message at the present session of congress the president and his cabinet were still of the opinion that in order to redeem the party promises the subject of currency reform should be treated in a message recommending the creation of a special non-partisan commission and unless there is another change in the plans of the president he will send the message to congress next Monday.

Tariff Conference Very Secretive.

WASHINGTON, July 10.—The tariff conferees have all taken a particularly binding pledge of secrecy and are guarding their labors with unusual vigilance. Beyond the general statement that they were making satisfactory progress the conferees would say nothing.

Oregon's Trip Explained.

WASHINGTON, July 10.—The battleship Oregon has sailed from Seattle for Port Angeles for coal and this fact having been construed in some quarters into a movement toward Hawaii, it is stated at the navy department that there is not the slightest intention of sending the ship there.

A Joyous Moment.

"There is my last poem," said the young but melancholy contributor. "Thank the Lord!" replied the dignified editor as he clung to his chair that he might not dance a hornpipe.—Detroit Free Press.

AN OUTLAW FOR LOVE.

Jilted Jim Parker and His Lively Career of Crime.

A WILD CACTUS OF THE DESERT.

His Daring Escape From an Arizona Jail and His Reckless Ride, With the Authorities of Three Counties on His Trail. How They Ran Him Down.

"I've been brought up like a cactus, wild as they make 'em, and all my thorns set and I don't give a—what they do with me, for it's an even toss whether it ain't as good to be under the earth as plunging around on top of it."

These are the sentiments of Jim Parker, train robber, murderer, and all round desperado. Jim is now safe in jail at Prescott, A. T., with indictments enough hanging over him to hang a dozen men.

He is a picturesque young ruffian, is Jim, both as to personal appearance and the choice of language. His career has been short, but tumultuous. It may be summed up briefly:

Jim Parker, born without regard to how the world might use him or be the world, at 12—alone and neglected—a weed by the wayside, trampled by the passerby; at 21, ignorant, audacious, savage, resentful of restraint, imbibed; at 25 in love, with the wild sweeping passion of a strong nature unused to gentleness; at 26, with no star ahead and no memories to treasure, abandoned to the tide of recklessness, a convicted felon and an all round outlaw, with a heart for any fate.

Parker is a Californian. Thirty-five years ago, on a little farm in Tulare county, he began life. Soon afterward his mother died, and when Jim was 12 years old his other parent expired, leaving the child nothing save debts and a worn-out horse.

"For 23 years I've been alone, barring those two graves down in Tulare," says Jim. "and for 23 years I've been on the hustle."

But about his love affair. Little is known of that, for about it he will not talk. There



JIM PARKER ON THE RAMPAGE.

are men whose love is fierce and changeless as the hate of an Apache. If it be hopeless, stand aside—something is certain to break. Jim Parker belongs to that class. Somewhere in southern Utah lives a girl, Vole—he calls her—for whom his wild heart thrills.

Vole does not care for Jim. It is not, however, that he is bad. She seems used to ill deeds and not disposed sharply to censure them, so they be bold and big.

After Vole said no and before he was 30 Jim drifted into Arizona. He had a way of acquiring horses and cattle bearing brands not his which brought him quickly into favor among frontier criminals, and before he had been in the territory six months he was the head of as ill souled a gang of thieves as ever sat in saddles. Since then he has made Arizona his headquarters, and the criminal enterprises in which he is believed to have had a hand are so numerous that it isn't worth while to write them down. It will be sufficient to say that Jim was never known to neglect an opportunity, and that if any unfenced land has had more opportunities lying about than Arizona it ought to skip off the map.

The train robbery near Prescott on the 8th of last February may or may not have been the first job of the kind Parker undertook. He says nothing that throws any light on the subject, and the hold up was clever enough to an old hand at such business, and yet was not without features indicative of inexperience. For instance, it was a trifle bungling to let the messenger get the drop on Vole's brother, as Vole's brother doubtless thought as he quit thinking.

Parker was brought into Prescott from the Grand canyon on the 20th of February. On the 9th of May he escaped from jail.

"I wasn't in a hurry," he said, when telling of the break, "because I didn't care a heap. I wasn't much set on fussing about just to keep on breathing; but, of course, when a chance showed its head I somehow felt I might as well keep moving."

There were six prisoners in the plot to leave Prescott, though only three escaped. The break was planned for Saturday afternoon, May 8, but Jailer Meador was attending strictly to business that afternoon, and the job had to be postponed.

Next day the opportunity came. Jailer Meador was on guard alone. A "trusty" prisoner—a Mexican named Cornelius—felled him, and as he did so Parker and a former named Miller ran out. Cornelius followed.

After passing from the cage Jim Parker ran into the jailer's room and took possession of a double barrel shotgun. It was loaded with buckshot. Thus armed he dashed into the corridor of the courthouse, and while on the run caught sight of young Lee Norris on the stairs. Norris was assistant district attorney.

A moment later Norris was dead—shot by Parker.

He had come to the courthouse that afternoon to write a love letter to his sweetheart. It was found half finished on his desk, whence he had hurried, drawn by the cries of Meador.

The three criminals ran through the usual Sunday afternoon crowd near the courthouse, pursued by a fusillade of bullets from the jailer's revolver.

It takes a crowd a long time to collect its wits. Audacity stuns it, so no resistance was offered. The fugitives had an open path through the throng.

Straight across the plaza they hastened and directly to the stables of the sheriff. The favorite horse of Mrs. Ruffner was standing there, saddled and bridled. Jim Parker jumped into the saddle, Miller clambered up behind him, and the Mexican got astride another horse. Then they raced away.

Not a hand was raised to stay them. Jim Parker was in the lead, and he carried the shotgun at "ready," guiding his horse with his knees.

"We rode like h—l," said Jim, "and nobody cared to argue. I felt like a cyclone."

When it was all over and the three were out of Prescott and striding for the hills, the crowd took a long breath, and about a half hour later the usual thing evolved—the posse.

Does anybody hear of "a posse" in these times without thinking of a big body of cravens heavily armed and a safe distance behind?

The posse in this case was 100 strong, and not a soul hurt or was hurt. But, Lord, how it threatened!

Parker met a traveler near Prescott. "Stranger," said Jim, "back yan' you'll find a posse, I reckon. They think they're looking for us. I'm Jim Parker. Just tell them that you saw me."

About dusk two deputies of the sheriff—Mundo and Teoman—overtook the run-aways.

The officers opened fire at long range. Parker gave no answering shot. He had only one charge in his gun. The other had cut off a love letter. But he turned in his saddle and yelled defiance.

Two flashes and the rear of rifles. The Mexican goes rolling in the dust. One bullet had jerked his thigh, the other had killed his horse.

Jim Parker, looking backward, called

REVIVES A SCANDAL.

"Zalma" Tells the Story of Beautiful Mary Seymour.

ENGLISH PRINCESS BY RIGHT.

Gossip About the the Alleged Morganatic Wife of the Duke of York Recalled by a Recently Published English Novel—Hints the Heir Presumptive.

The story of the alleged morganatic marriage of the Duke of York to the daughter of Admiral Sir Michael Culme Seymour has once more been brought up by the appearance in London of a book bearing the title "Zalma" and the name of T. Mullet Ellis as author.

The Prince of Wales officially denied the story at the time of the duke's marriage to the Princess May of Teck. Before the archbishop of Canterbury performed the ceremony he assured the assembled throng in beautifully rounded periods that the duke was a single man and the Seymour marriage stories were all gossip, which was certainly a startling innovation in the Church of England marriage ceremony, which begins with a formal invitation for any one to step up and put a stop to the prospective ceremony if he knows of just cause.

Here, however, the officiating clergyman told the people to keep their seats; that it was all right.

"Zalma" contains a complete account of the duke's alleged marriage, with the names of the principal characters most thickly veiled. It is the story of a royal prince who contracted an unauthorized marriage with a girl of non-royal rank and suddenly became heir to the throne through the death of his elder brother, and thereupon, for reasons of state, he contracts a public marriage with a royal princess, abandoning his first wife, the mother of his two children, who is pensioned off by his family and sent to live in Canada.

The story is well told, and possesses unusual literary merit. To such an extent is it held to constitute a charge of moral, if not legal, bigamy against the Duke of York that many of the most important English newspapers are demanding that some definite explanation should be made by the crown and proofs given clearing the name of England's future king.

The story, as commonly told in England, is that the duke's ship was stationed at Malta, where Admiral Seymour was in command. Prince George, as he then was called, fell desperately in love with the admiral's beautiful daughter, and they were married according to the ritual of the English church.

As the Duke of Clarence was then living and had every prospect of coming to the throne, Prince George's idea was to keep the matter quiet until the Prince of Wales should be king and then throw himself on his father's generosity—the prince being sympathetically lenient in all matters of the heart.

But the Duke of Clarence's untimely death put an end to these schemes, and the next year Prince George married his brother's fiancée, Princess Mary of Teck. Queen Victoria, good woman that she is, has absolutely no conscience about dissolving morganatic marriages. She married her own daughter Helena to Prince Christian of Schleswig-Holstein when that prince had a morganatic wife with whom he had been living for 20 years, and when Victoria's daughter first used to drive with her husband the street arabs would shout to the prince, "What did you do with your wife and children?"

So, when the Seymour news was broken to Grandmother Victoria she proposed to put a commercial value on beautiful Mary Seymour's heart and pension her and her two children. The girl went to Florence and lived in strictest retirement, but the likeness of her oldest child to the Wales family is so pronounced that people were not long in discovering who she was.

In this manner she went from pillar to post, all over Europe, sneaking away to some quiet place as soon as her identity was discovered. While the English papers were going on with the drives and walks of her highness the Duchess of York and the wit criticisms of little Prince Edward, this girl, the daughter of an English admiral, was forced to flee from place to place like a criminal.

All this choice gossip "Zalma" revives. It is what one calls a "key novel"—that is to say, a book like Beaconsfield's "Lodhuir," "Coningsby" and "Endymion" or Daudet's "Nahab" and "Kings in Exile." All the personages in the book are portrayed under the most transparent pseudonyms.

Even Mr. Astor's Pall Mall Gazette describes the book as "astonishing" and speaks in the highest terms of its literary merit, while several leading provincial papers, such as the Liverpool Post and the Manchester Guardian, speak of the "great gifts of the author," who "under an audaciously thin veil revives a recent scandal concerning the highest personages in the land."

But what the English people now want and through the press demand is that the crown itself shall make some clear and distinct announcement clearing the duke.

Of course the duke's first marriage, if there really has been one, as every one believes, and as the behavior of his mother toward the duchess during the first year of her matrimonial existence tended to confirm, is invalid in point of law, since no royal prince can contract a legal marriage without the consent of sovereign and parliament. But it is idle to deny that in these democratic times legal quibbles of that character are altogether inadequate to satisfy public sentiment and that the vast majority of the duke's countrymen, were they to know certainly that he had been ecclesiastically married to Miss Seymour and had then without a divorce married Princess May, would regard him as nothing less than a bigamist.

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TODAY'S MARKETS.

Latest Reports From the Centers of Trade.

CHICAGO, July 10.—Wheat opened a fraction lower than the close of yesterday. September seemed the strongest. July lost a full cent in the first hour. Trading was light and few were in the pit. However, the early loss was soon made up and the July option closed with only one-quarter cent loss. September closes with only a slight loss. Exports 25,000 bushels of wheat, exports flour, 5,270 bags.

New York, July 10.—Market very quiet yet firm. Sugar most active of stocks. The bank statement follows:

BANK STATEMENT.

Reserve decreased.....	\$ 23,500
Loans increased.....	1,050,700
Specie increased.....	8,000,000
Legals increased.....	612,000
Deposits increased.....	2,886,200
Circulation increased.....	1,700,000

	Open- ing.	High- est.	Low- est.	Close.
Wheat	70-60%	70	69	69 3/4
Sept.	65 1/2	65 1/2	65 1/2	65 1/2
Dec.	67 1/2	68 1/4	66 1/2	67 1/2
Corn	18 1/2	18 1/2	18 1/2	18 1/2
Sept.	20 1/2	20 1/2	20 1/2	20 1/2
Dec.	28	28	27 1/2	27 1/2
Pork	7 65	7 70	7 50	7 50
Lard	4 02	4 05	3 95	3 95

TOLEDO, July 10.—[By Associated Press]—Wheat 78.

The following figures show fluctuations of stocks as furnished by T. B. Arnold's exchange.

	Open- ing.	High- est.	Low- est.	Close.
American Sugar.....	120	120 1/2	120 1/2	120 1/2
American Tobacco.....	75 1/2	75 1/2	75 1/2	75 1/2
C. & O. Q.....	82 1/2	82 1/2	82 1/2	82 1/2
Chicago Gas.....	94	94 1/2	93 1/2	94 1/2
Jersey Central.....	85	85	85	85
Louisville & Nashville.....	50 1/2	50 1/2	50 1/2	50 1/2
Manhattan.....	90 1/2	90 1/2	90 1/2	90 1/2
Northwest.....	117 1/2	117 1/2	117 1/2	117 1/2
Omaha.....	64 1/2	64 1/2	64 1/2	64 1/2
Rock Island.....	74 1/2	74 1/2	73 1/2	73 1/2
St. Paul.....	89 1/2	89 1/2	89 1/2	89 1/2
Western Union.....	83 1/2	84	83 1/2	84

Thursday's Market Story.

Contrary to all expectations, watermelons have not made their appearance in the local markets. J. M. Clark has advised that the Indiana crop is very large, and is of good quality. He expected a car load in on Monday, but through some misunderstanding it has not yet arrived. A car load of muskmelons will be here by the 20th of the month.

The price of lemons is steadily advancing, and if the hot weather continues it will reach \$7 a box.

Oranges have faded from the market, and there will be no more to speak of until October, when the Jamaica and Florida crops will be in.

The supply of home-grown potatoes is not equal to the demand. Those which have been brought to Massillon recently are of poor quality, and bring a fancy price notwithstanding.

Friday's Market Story.

The price of lemons today leaped from \$4.50 to \$5.50 a box.

In anticipation of a light peanut crop this year the price has been increased one cent a pound. Dealers say, however, that the small consumer will probably never become aware of this, for he will get as much as ever for five cents.

J. M. Clark, who went to Cleveland to buy lemons and watermelons, yesterday found that his mission was in vain. Love nor money could not procure the former, and those of the latter that could be obtained were such shrivelled, hopeless affairs that they were not worth buying. The Georgia crop, he says, is a failure, and really good melons cannot, therefore, be had until the Indiana crop comes in, in August.

Saturday's Market Story.

In anticipation of an unusually large crop the price for last year's wheat has been reduced to 75 cents per bushel in the local markets. The first new wheat will be in within the next ten days. It is not likely that it will bring more than 65 cents. The yield will be the greatest in years, farmers in various sections claiming from twenty to twenty-five bushels to the acre. Threshing will, probably begin next week.

The following prices are being paid in the Massillon markets:

GRAIN MARKET.

Wheat per bushel.....	75
Rye, per bushel.....	34-35
Oats, per bushel.....	16-18
Corn.....	22-24
Barley.....	16-18
Wool.....	10-12
Black Seed.....	10-12
Clover Seed.....	10-12
Timothy Seed.....	10-12
Brass, per 100 lbs.....	80
Findings, per 100 lbs.....	80
Hay.....	\$5 00-7 00

PRODUCE.

Choice Butter, per lb.....	8-10
Eggs, per dozen.....	9-10
Lard, per lb.....	5
Lams, per lb.....	10
Shoulders, per lb.....	6-8
Sides.....	6-7
Cheese.....	8-11
Potatoes.....	7-8
White Beans, per bushel.....	1-2
Onions.....	1-25
Apples.....	1-10
Evaporated Apples, choice.....	8-10
White Beans, per bushel.....	1-2
Dried Peaches, peeled.....	18-20 apiece
Dried Peaches, unpeeled.....	4-5
Salt, per barrel.....	90-100

HIDES.

Beef, No. 1, green.....	Per pound
No. 2.....	5
Calfskin, No. 1.....	3 1/2
No. 2.....	3
Tallow.....	20-25 apiece
Deacons.....	20-25 apiece

D. G. MARTIN.

To the Wright Medical Company, Columbus, O.

Gentlemen—I have been troubled with rheumatism for forty years. I never received any benefit from doctors. All they could do was to keep it from my heart. I also used patent medicines which were sure cures. This spring I was induced to take your Wright's Cerebral Capsules. I took about 25 of these and they did me so much good that I bought another box. I feel better now than I have for years. I am now 81 years of age. Yours, D. G. MARTIN.

Sold by all druggists at 50c and \$1.00 per box. Send address on postal to the Wright Med. Co., Columbus, Ohio, for trial size, free.

BIG LABOR CAMPAIGN.

Hundreds of Unionists Will Tackle West Virginia.

WINERS TO BE PERSUADED TO QUIT

President Ratchford Stated at the Conference at Pittsburgh That They Must Be Gotten Out or the Strike Would Fail—The Situation.

PITTSBURG, July 10.—The meeting of labor leaders in this city, representing about a dozen big organizations, will likely give the miners' strike a powerful impetus.

Those in conference were: National President M. D. Ratchford of the United Mine Workers, W. D. Mahon of Detroit, president of the Amalgamated Association of Street Railway Employees; President M. M. Garland of the Amalgamated Association of Iron and Steel Workers, L. R. Thomas, president of the National Patternmakers' League; M. P. Carrick, president of the Brotherhood of Painters; M. J. Connaught, national secretary of the Journeymen Plumbers' association; W. H. Evans, Muncie, Ind., representing the A. F. G. W. U.; Patrick Dolan and William Warner of the Pittsburgh district, United Mine Workers. These gentlemen represented organizations with a membership of hundreds of thousands of men.

The meeting was called to ascertain what could be done to assist the striking miners. M. D. Ratchford reported that the strike was general, with the exception of the West Virginia field, and that unless the West Virginia miners can be got out the strike would be a failure.

It was decided to send the hundreds of organizers of each union represented, as well as many miners to West Virginia to persuade the miners to quit work.

The campaign will be on by Monday. A brief statement was issued by Compers and Ratchford. They state that the miners are not opposed to arbitration. They then say:

"We, therefore, urge and advise that a conference be held of the miners and operators, with the view of arriving at a settlement of the present suspension."

In an interview at Massillon, when on his way to Pittsburgh, President Ratchford said:

"You cannot too strongly express on paper my confidence of the success of the movement. Our forces are well in hand and there have been no disturbances. I have advised from the Pittsburgh district that with the exception of the 1,200 men in the employ of DeArmitt, the whole region has joined the movement. And we will reach the DeArmitt miners in a very short time. The miners of the south too, particularly Tennessee, have taken up the matter and I have just learned that all the miners on the Cincinnati Southern railway are now idle. The suspension has reached its proportions without our having a single extra man in the field. The regular corps of officers has worked alone. Next week there will be 30 representatives of the organization at work, and by next Friday we will have 150,000 to 160,000 men in line. It is difficult to make an accurate estimate as to how many miners have joined the strike, but I consider 125,000 a conservative one, and the number is daily increasing."

Mr. Ratchford has received many communications from both operators and miners, asking whether or not the organization will sanction the operation of mines where the price demanded is being paid. To all these Mr. Ratchford answered in the negative. "It is our purpose," he said, "to empty the market by a complete cessation of work. We desire nothing to be done for the next six days. Then the matter of giving our consent to miners who can secure their price to work will be taken up and acted upon."

Thomas E. Young, manager of Senator Hanna's Borend mine, closed the mine down yesterday. He said that the company might work along successfully, but it did not want to injure the cause of the strikers. The officials had made urgent demands on him to close the mine down, and he finally concluded to do so, after he saw how thoroughly successful the other mines had been closed.

Every mine of the Pittsburgh district is practically closed with the exception of the three mines of the New York and Cleveland Gas Coal company and the Washington Coal and Coke company, at Stickle Hollow, on the Pittsburgh, McKeesport and Youghiogheny railroad. A number of men are at work at the first pool Monongahela company's mines, the Jumbo mine, the Pittsburgh and Chicago Gas Coal company's mine at Snowden and Gasconville, on the Wheeling division of the Baltimore and Ohio railroad, and the mines of the Panhandle Coal company at Borland.

PITH OF THE NEWS.

Representative Lenz of Ohio has introduced in the house a service pension bill—a pension of 1 cent for each day's service. Commodore R. L. Pythian will be retired July 21, and his place as superintendent of the naval observatory will be taken by Commander C. H. Davis, who is detached from the inspection board.

The state department has been advised that the Peruvian government will admit free of duty foreign machinery intended for the permanent industrial exposition, which opens at Lima, July 28.

Miss Maria Straub, who died recently in Chicago, was the author of over 300 hymns, all of which have been set to music by American composers and sung all over the country.

Galen Clark, who has just resigned the post of guardian of the Yosemite valley, went there about 10 years ago, expecting to die in a year or two of consumption. He is now 81 years of age and still rides a horse as hard as a man of 30.

Prof. Clement Smith of Harvard, who was the first to correct the inscription on the Shaw memorial, is to be the next director of the American school of classical studies at Rome.

King Oscar of Sweden will receive on his coming jubilee an address from the Swedes of Chicago the cover of which will be modeled in silver with an expensive and elaborate design by Axel E. Olsson, the artist.

The presence of Prof. Benjamin Ide Wheeler of Cornell university in Rochester is giving rise to the report that he is reconsidering his refusal of the presidency of the University of Rochester.

COAL FAMINE IN CLEVELAND.

Refusal of W. & L. E. Miners to Work a Serious Blow.

CLEVELAND, July 10.—The full force of the intelligence that the Wheeling and Lake Erie miners have refused to work can be appreciated when it is stated that the Cleveland manufacturers and shippers expected that matters came to the very worst the districts roved by the Wheeling and Lake Erie would supply whatever coal was needed. This means to Cleveland now a practical tie up.

The Cleveland railroads are growing bolder in confiscating coal, and those who depend upon a regular supply are becoming anxious. The schooner B. W. Parker of Detroit has been delayed in Cleveland since Sunday owing to the action of the Erie railway. The boat was loading coal at the Cleveland Shipbuilding company's works. An Erie engine backed on the high trestle which leads to the car dumping machine and carried away 30 cars of coal, which were to have been loaded into the Parker. The boat will have to go up light. Several boats were delayed owing to the difficulty in securing fuel.

The Intercoastal Coal company, one of the heaviest fueling firms on the lakes, has only coal enough to last its customers a few days. Several other fueling firms have nearly exhausted their supply. The Pennsylvania and Ohio Fueling company has suspended business altogether in Cleveland.

The Morris coal company has ceased shipping altogether, and in fact coal dealers as a rule have delivered nearly all their coal.

The vessel men say that the strike will cause all but the exceptionally large boats to lay up.

The great plant of the Cleveland Steel company has closed, owing to lack of fuel. A number of other plants are preparing to shut down.

Unless coal begins coming into Cleveland in a few days the situation in the city will be serious. The lighting companies fear the city may be left in darkness. Director of public works is alarmed over his ability to keep up the water supply going, the street railway companies fear a suspension of travel and manufacturing concerns with orders to fill are fearful lest they will have to shut down for want of fuel.

There is a strong probability that the street railways and the suburban electric railways may have to shut down for want of coal. The Big and Little Consolidated Railway companies have only coal sufficient for three days. Fifteen cars consigned to the Big Consolidated were confiscated by the railroad companies. The street railways are much concerned over the matter.

HANNA'S MINERS GO OUT.

Shutdown Along the B. & O. Wheeling Division Absolute.

CLEVELAND, July 10.—The surprise in the coal strike came when Dan E. Hanna, the manager of M. A. Hanna & Co., received a message stating that every single miner employed at the company's mines had gone out. The Hanna people have been confident of their ability to hold their men. Information received here shows that the shutdown along the Wheeling division of the Baltimore and Ohio railway is absolute.

General Manager Woodford of the Cleveland, Lorain and Wheeling says that no coal is being mined along his road. He is not prepared to say that he will not haul West Virginia coal. Colonel Herrick of the Wheeling and Lake Erie has not decided what he will do regarding the West Virginia fields. He does not doubt that there will be serious trouble if he hauls West Virginia coal, but he is inclined to believe that the attempt to haul it will be made.

GOV. HASTINGS DECLINED.

Refused to Help Arbitrate, Because Not Asked by Miners.

HARRISBURG, July 10.—Governor Hastings has received a telegram from Joseph Bishop, secretary of the Ohio state board of arbitration, and L. P. McCormick, labor commissioner of Indiana, asking him to co-operate with the arbitration boards of Ohio, Indiana and Illinois at a meeting to be held at Pittsburgh to endeavor to adjust the miners' strike. A similar telegram was also received from Governor Mount of Indiana.

Governor Hastings replied to both declining to act because he has received no request from either the miners or the mine operators of Pennsylvania.

West Virginia Coal Got Through.

WHEELING, July 10.—The first West Virginia coal to the lakes got through the mining district in Eastern Ohio, on the Cleveland, Lorain and Wheeling railroad last night. It got through the mining country without being held up.

LIKE A PRAIRIE FIRE.

Unique Blaze That Gave Cleveland Firemen a Hard Fight.

CLEVELAND, July 10.—A spectacle, unique for a city, was furnished here when a strip of land a quarter of a mile in breadth took fire and the flames hurried on to the lake. It looked exactly like a prairie fire. A tangled mass of underbrush extending along the Gordon estate, from St. Clair street to the lake, took fire and jeopardized the existence of an entire street of 20 houses. The fire department had to fight the flames as prairie fires are fought, by digging trenches and banking up the dirt as a protection wall. Thousands went out to see the peculiar sight.

Deaths From the Heat.

CHICAGO, July 10.—Sixteen people died from the heat here. Two insane.

TOLLEDO, July 10.—One death.

MILWAUKEE, July 10.—Seven deaths in Wisconsin.

CINCINNATI, July 10.—Six deaths.

ST. LOUIS, July 10.—Seven deaths.

KANSAS CITY, July 10.—Two deaths.

LAFAYETTE, Ind., July 10.—Three deaths.

INDIANAPOLIS, July 10.—Two deaths.

PITTSBURG, July 10.—Two deaths.

DAYTON, O., July 10.—Three deaths.

The Spree Towed Into Port.

QUEENSTOWN, July 10.—The North German Lloyd steamer Spree has reached here in tow of the British steamer Maine, from Philadelphia for London. All the Spree's passengers and crew are well. The delay was caused by the cracking of her crank shaft.

TOOK AWAY AN HEIRESS.

Silas Ratliff, a Laborer, Runs Away With Allie Allison From Portsmouth.

PORTSMOUTH, O., July 10.—Silas Ratliff, a laborer, who leaves a wife and two children, has disappeared with Allie May Allison, a granddaughter of the late Elias Simpson, who died several weeks ago, leaving an estate worth \$100,000. Ratliff had been employed as nurse for Mr. Simpson, and while so engaged made the acquaintance of the young lady, who is a remarkably handsome girl, about 22 years of age.

She was one of the numerous heirs to the Simpson estate and her share is valued at \$9,000. This she sold Tuesday as an undivided interest to her uncle, Henry Simpson, for \$4,500 in cash. She took this money with her when she left with Ratliff. It is thought they have gone to Mt. Carmel, Ill., as Ratliff has relatives in that section.

A RAILROAD COLLISION.

Cleveland and Pittsburgh Trains Piled in a Heap Near East Liverpool.

EAST LIVERPOOL, O., July 10.—There has occurred just east of this city a terrific head-end collision on the Cleveland and Pittsburgh railroad. No. 93, west-bound freight, ran into an open switch and crashed into the local yard shifter, which was standing but a few feet in the clear. John Glessner of Wellsville, brakeman on No. 13, jumped for his life, as did the other members of the crew. Glessner sustained internal injuries, which may prove fatal.

Both engines and a dozen cars were piled in a heap in the middle of the track about 30 feet high. No one is able to account for the accident.

SUICIDED IN A POND.

A Girl and Her Lover Preferred Death to Separation.

BOWLING GREEN, O., July 10.—Miss Nellie Lusher and her lover, Edward Cowles, of the village of Moline, this county, committed suicide Wednesday by drowning themselves in a large stonequarry pond. Wednesday night they attended a lawn tea and returned home with Miss Lusher's sister, but did not enter the house. The bodies have just been found.

The only reason that can be given for the tragedy is that the young people preferred death to being separated.

Trains Collide at Warren.

WARREN, O., July 10.—Erie train No. 21, Pittsburgh to Cleveland, with Engineer Bissell of Cleveland at the throttle, ran into an eastbound freight loaded with iron ore, within 200 yards of the Erie station. The passenger engine was badly damaged and a number of cars of the freight train demolished. Well-Fargo Express Messenger Wilcox of Cleveland was thrown from his car and suffered a fractured ankle. Traffic was delayed for two hours.

The State Eclectic Medical Society.

PITTSBURG, O., July 10.—The State Eclectic Medical society has closed its annual session. Officers elected are: A. P. Taylor, Columbus, president; F. W. Schneider, Norwalk, and A. S. McKirick, Kenton, vice presidents; F. O. Williams, Columbus, corresponding secretary; W. S. Turner, Waynesville, recording secretary; R. C. Wintermute, Cincinnati, treasurer. The next meeting will be held in Columbus, May, 1908.

Sunday Games For Cleveland.

CLEVELAND, July 10.—Judge Ong of the common pleas court has handed down a decision declaring that the law under which members of the Cleveland Baseball club were arrested for playing on Sunday is unconstitutional. President Robinson at once announced that a game will be played on Sunday with Washington. This decision will stand unless the city authorities carry the case to the circuit court and it is reversed.

Barbers Name Officers.

COLUMBUS, July 10.—The election of officers of the State Barbers' association for the ensuing year, held in the re-election of President J. W. Hartzog of Lima, by acclamation, as also that of Secretary A. L. Kilbury of Dayton. C. H. Noble of Columbus was elected by acclamation for first vice president; E. S. Ward of Toledo for second vice president, and F. C. Kottermann of Dayton, treasurer.

New Pottery For Toronto.

TORONTO, O., July 10.—The American China company, capital \$50,000, of Toronto, has been incorporated at Columbus, to manufacture all kinds of earthenware. The incorporators are: William Smith, Thomas L. Potts, Geo. H. Owens, William G. Eastland and Albert Ellis.

Executions Against Zanesville.

ZANESVILLE, O., July 10.—Executions have been secured against the city for \$970 by Clerk of Courts John A. Green for costs adjudged against the city and not paid in. The general fund is overdrawn \$15,000 and other funds exhausted.

Stabbed Over Baseball.

PORTSMOUTH, O., July 10.—John Vastine, aged 10 years, was seriously cut in a quarrel at Otway by James Leath, aged 14 years. The quarrel was caused by a baseball discussion. Young Leath is a son of the town marshal.

Appointed on Hastings' Staff.

HARRISBURG, July 10.—Adjutant General Stewart has issued a general order announcing these appointments on the staff of Governor Hastings: Corporal Hugh Murray, Wilkesbarre, to be sergeant major; William T. Simpson, Scranton, to be commissary sergeant, vice William H. Burke, honorably discharged.

Beaver Falls Firm Got It.

HARRISBURG, July 10.—The board of public grounds and buildings has awarded the contract for building of the state bridge over the Susquehanna river at Catawissa to the Pennsylvania Bridge company of Beaver Falls at its bid of \$81,400.

Teachers' Convention Ended.

MILWAUKEE, July 10.—The convention of the National Educational association has come to a close. President-elect James M. Greenwood was inducted into office.

WELLINGTON TURNED DOWN.

Confirmation of Warner Is to Be Favorably Reported.

WASHINGTON, July 10.—The senate committee on commerce has made a unanimous report in favor of the confirmation of B. H. Warner, Jr., to be consul at Leipzig.

There was not a dissenting vote, and the report is a decided defeat for Senator Wellington of Maryland, who made a bitter attack against Mr. Warner's father, who is a prominent Republican in Maryland.

His threats to defeat the nomination of young Mr. Warner have been of no avail. The speech of Mr. Wellington last week, in which he sensationally threw down the gauntlet of battle to the administration, is believed to have destroyed any chance he might have had, through "senatorial courtesy," of preventing the confirmation of Mr. Warner.

THE ELKS' NEW OFFICERS.

Detweiler Again Made Grand Exalted Ruler of the Order.

MINNEAPOLIS, July 10.—The following officers were elected by the Elks' grand lodge: Grand exalted ruler, Meade D. Detweiler, Harrisburg, Pa.; grand exalted leading knights, B. M. Allen, Birmingham, Ala.; Louis Hauser, Newark, N. J.; Charles M. Foote, Minneapolis; grand secretary, George A. Reynolds, Saginaw, Mich.; grand treasurer, Ed S. Orris, Mendville, Pa.; grand tyler, Scott Holmes, Cincinnati; grand esquire, Lew A. Clarke, St. Louis; grand inner guard, George Meyer, Jr., Pittsburgh; grand chaplain, Rev. Dr. D. Timberlake, New Albany, Ind.

Board of grand trustees, Jerome E. Fisher, Jamestown, N. Y.; Hunter A. Grayeroff, Dallas; George B. Cronk, Omaha.

Robbed of a Small Fortune.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 10.—Mrs. Swift, a lady from the east, has been robbed on the overland train. Her purse, containing \$2,700 in greenbacks, two earrings, in each of which is a diamond weighing two carats, and a diamond brooch valued at \$150 was taken.

A CITY BLACKSMITH.

A Local Vulcan Patches Up a Piece of Mechanism Without Using Bellows Anvil or Forge.

As a craft in mythology at least, blacksmithing was followed by the gods long before the advent of man on our own planet. It was the Cyclops that forged the thunder bolts for Jove and the chain that linked Prometheus to the cold rocks of Mount Caucasus. It is an old and honored craft with man in whatever era of Tabal Cam who fashioned the first plough share, of the indispensable armor and sword maker before gunpowder was untraced, however, expert romance shows them to be in the tricks of their calling. It is silent regarding the condition of their backs. The presumption is that the blacksmiths of the world are not much different from the writers of the past or the present. The fact and the fiction of the craft are ignored their weakness. Our Vulcan whose name is John Bang, works at 24 East Charles Street and that he had a lame back. Read his own description and experience. He says: "I was born in some mountains with a bad back, and a jagged part of the spine, and an aching back. It extended up into the shoulder blade and compelled me to sit, to give up before the day's work was done. Slight colds, shoeing a horse, stooping at any other work affected it and it became excruciating. I often felt like giving up work on about every job I undertook. Well I repaired the trouble by taking Doan's Kidney Pills. I heard of them and went to the nearest drug store that of Baltzy's around the corner from here on Erie Street and got a box. It was only a short time before they commenced taking effect and they cured me in a few days afterwards. I have not felt any thing of it since and I believe they made a sure job of it. That is why I advise people that have their kidneys out of order to give Doan's Kidney Pills a trial. They will repair the damage."

Doan's Kidney Pills for sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Mailed by Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y., sole agents for the U. S.

Hives are not dangerous to life, but they are a prolific breeder of misery and profligacy. Doan's Ointment gives instant relief, even in the worst cases of this and other exasperating diseases of the skin.

Wright's Celery Tea regulates liver and kidneys, cures constipation, sick headache. 25c at all druggists.

OUR BARGAIN COLUMNS

Screen

Doors and Windows made and fitted at reasonable prices. All kinds of Interior Finishing, and

LUMBER.

CONRAD, DANTLER & BROWN.

FOR THAT THIRSTY

FEELING DRINK

ANTON KOPP'S

Export and Standard Beer. Excellent for table and medicinal purposes.

Phone 34. Office, 26 Exchange St.

Purity, Age and Strength.

For Family Use... FINLAY BREWING CO.'S.

Bottled Export and Domestic Beer... Has no equal.

Phone 1111. Frank A. Vogt.

A Real Snap!

I sell everything in the Furniture Line—Stoves, Chairs, Tables, Beds, and all kinds of Second Hand Goods—at prices that will make you grin.

C. L. BORWAY, 42 West Main Street.

Don't be Extravagant

By wearing your business suits for bicycling. We have fine outfits for the purpose and are cheap, them out at bargain prices. Call and get.

A STRAW HAT!

J. W. FOLTZ, The Furrier.

OUR BARGAIN COLUMNS

SPECIAL SALE OF...

RIBBONS AND SILKS..... Tomorrow,

At Humbergers' Double Stores.

THE FORCE OF HABIT!

What the youth learns, the man practices. Pride will keep your son eager to add to a bank account when once opened. A dollar will start him on the road to independence. We pay interest on time deposits.....

SAFE DEPOSIT BOXES FOR RENT.

.....THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK.

HOT AIR...

Heating is not the pleasant thing to think about in this weather. But winter is coming and it beats all modern methods for heating. Come and talk it over. The furnace I sell will save you money, dirt and inconvenience.

References Everywhere. A. J. Paul & Co.

It's Not the Coat

THAT Makes the Man—It's the Whole Suit.

I have all the newest novelties in fashionable summer suitings. We give you style, workmanship and a perfect fit. Prices Moderate. Opera House Bldg.

J. C. LOWE, The Tailor.

All This for ONE DOLLAR:

- 4 bars Cotton Oil Soap
- 1 pound San Mario Coffee
- 1 can Crown Baking Powder
- 5 pounds Sugar
- 1 dozen Fresh Eggs
- 1 pound Good Tea
- 1 package Root Beer

At MATTHEWS BROS., 2 West Tremont St.

READ THIS SIDEWAYS.

When you want good... Tea or Coffee... Fresh Green Vegetables... Berries and... like at bar... gain prices... -TRY-

Main and Exchange Sts. VOGT...

WHEN IT RAINS

It's too late to get that worn-out umbrella repaired. Bring it now. Repairing and Re-covering a Specialty. Parasols covered in all colors. Fine Cutlery.

At C. BADER'S.

TO LESSEN THE EXPENSE OF LIVING

We quote you a few prices, which, if carefully considered, will convince you that you pay a premium for trading with some people. We are making no leaders. These prices are regular.....

Flour.

- Weller's Fancy Patent.....\$1.20
- Minnesota Spring Wheat.....\$1.15
- Weller's Pansy.....1.00

Sugar.

- Granulated.....\$.05
- C Sugar, 25 lbs for.....1.00

Canned Goods.

- Good Corn, per can.....\$.05
- Fancy Table Peaches.....\$.10
- Sardines, per can, oil.....\$.03

Lemons.

- Per dozen, choice.....\$.10

Coffee.

- Arbuckle's, 1 pound.....\$.12
- Lion, 1 pound.....\$.12
- The Best Mocha & Java.....\$.27

Baking Powder.

- Royal, 4 pound.....\$.12
- Arm & Hammer.....\$.10
- Battle Ax, 1 pound.....\$.06

Soaps.

- Ivory laundry size.....\$.05
- Kirk's Cabinet, 12 bars.....\$.25
- Erie, 10 bars.....\$.25
- White Foam, 19 bars.....\$.25
- Crown Out, 12 lb. box.....\$.03
- 1776, per package.....\$.02
- Washing Compound, box.....\$.02

Cheese.

- Extra fine York State Full Cream.....\$1.25
- Extra fine Swiss.....\$1.25
- Full Cream Limburger.....\$1.00

At S. F. WEFLE'S,

31 East Main St. Prompt Free Delivery. Telephone Connection. The Cash Grocer.

WATCH THIS Household Furniture!

Geo. L. & C. D. Hackett, FURNITURE, CARPETS, WALL PAPER. 16 West Main Street.

CHOICE SHEET MUSIC.

—All the Latest Selections—25 Cents. 20th Century Two Step, only 15 cents. Everything in the musical line at popular prices.

Teacher of Piano and Organ. CHAS. F. HUBER, 34 EAST MAIN ST.

WEST SIDE CARRIAGE WORKS.

ALBERT SORG, PROPRIETOR. Fine Carriage Work in all its branches. Delivery Wagons a specialty. Repair Work of all kinds at reasonable prices. 20 CLAY ST.

Choice Straw-Berries.

Always on hand at the very lowest market price. Fine Fruits. Green Vegetables. CONFECTIONERY. At W. B. SUTTLE'S, 17 W. Main Street. Phone, Bell 115.

A FOOT OF STYLE.

We have everything in Fine Summer Footwear. Our Tan Goods must be sold. Now is your opportunity for bargains. Ladies Oxford a Specialty. 33 E. Main St. GEORGE SNYDER

ARE YOU READY FOR THE STRUGGLE

of life? Has your education been neglected? You must consider these things if you wish to be successful in any business enterprise. We prepare young men and women for commercial life. We give you a thorough education in every branch. Banking, Bookkeeping, Penmanship, Shortland and Typewriting. Our terms are within the reach of all. Call on or address, The Actual Business College, 61 MASSILLON, OHIO.

Better Than Doctors' Bills.

LOCAL HAPPENINGS.

Recovered this week by Independent Investigators.

Laurence Royer, of North Erie street has taken down his fence.

Messrs. Horatio Wales and Courtney Burton are in camp near Bolivar.

Miss Clara Ruth, of Canal Fulton, is visiting Miss Sadie Kerstetter on North Mill street.

Master Edward Forest is spending his vacation in Alliance with his sister, Mrs. L. M. Barth.

Navarre is going to have a newspaper, and the "Express" will soon appear before the public.

Mrs. Geo. Hauff and Miss Vera Hauff, of Allegheny, are visiting at the residence of Christian Kouth.

Mrs. Ella Rudy and son, of Washington, Pa., are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Rudy, in Park street.

Miss Bessie Brunner is the guest of her cousin, Mrs. Frank Lennhart, in the country near Mineral Point.

Miss Alice Ashe, of Wooster, is a guest at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. Harry Segner on South Erie street.

The cornerstone of the new Christian church at Alliance will be laid next Tuesday with imposing ceremonies.

Mrs. W. H. Manderbach and little daughter, of Akron, are visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. C. Harwick, in North Mill street.

An effort is being made to have the Rev. T. Dewitt Talmage lecture in Massillon for the benefit of the United Brethren church.

The Canton retail grocers will hold their annual picnic at Meyer's lake Aug. 11. On that day they will entirely suspend business.

William Meuser has returned to his home in Marietta, after a visit with his sons in Massillon. He was accompanied by Master William Meuser.

Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Fleming, of Fairmount, Ind., are guests at the Ratchford residence, in South Mill street. Mrs. Fleming is a sister of Mrs. Ratchford.

The citizens who enjoy a plunge in the cooling water of the reservoir after a hard day's toil, are nightly increasing. Last evening between 250 and 300 people were bathing at the same time.

Click, the weather prophet, says we will have a very warm summer, extending through September, and that conditions are favorable for a long heat term, hotter, in fact, than last year.

J. A. McLaughlin will spend his summer vacation in Iowa. He will visit friends and relatives in different parts of the state, and will probably be gone several weeks. He left yesterday afternoon.

Joshua Keener, a veteran of the 15th O. V. I., died at his home in Freeburg, on Wednesday, aged 52 years. He was buried this morning by Geo. D. Harter Post, of Canton, of which he was a member.

J. R. Niederhieson is improving nicely, and is as comfortable as the Sherman House as the weather will permit. With the aid of crutches he will soon be able to get out into the fresh air, and that is expected to do him a world of good.

The opening session of the twenty-sixth annual convention of the Catholic Total Abstinence Union of Ohio, will be held in Canton, Monday evening, at 7:30 o'clock in the parlors of the Yale hotel. The convention will be in session for three days and will be of much interest to the union.

The camping season has arrived and almost every day some party or other leaves the city for an outing at Zoar, Turkeyfoot or one of the many other delightful roundabout places. Next week especially large numbers will leave with their tents, for, as they say, the heat has become intolerable in Massillon and they must go elsewhere to find comfort.

Raymond G. Marsh, a 10-year-old boy, living with his parents at Uniontown, near Akron, has just recovered judgment for \$3,500 damages from the Cleveland Terminal and Valley Railway Company. Some months since, while playing on the track near his home he found a railway torpedo. He pounded it with a stone until it exploded. A fragment tore out one of his eyes and for this he has recovered damages.

Members of the Massillon Lecture Course Association met on Thursday evening at Mr. J. E. Johns's office to make necessary arrangements to insure a course of lectures for the coming winter. Matters of detail have been left in the hands of an executive committee the officers of which are Mr. J. E. Johns, President, Mr. George McCall, vice-president, Mr. William E. Hemperly, secretary, and Mr. H. B. Conrad, treasurer.

The management of the Massillon Baseball Association has succeeded in engaging Zanesville to play here next Monday. It is one of the strongest teams in the Ohio and West Virginia league. There should be a good attendance, as the expense is great. The game will be called promptly at 3 p. m. Mr. Shauf will umpire. Admission 25 cents, ladies free. Refreshments will be served on the grounds. The home team will probably play the Forest City club, of Cleveland, next Thursday, and Canton on Sunday, the 15th.

Dr. D. S. Gardner, of Massillon, who was chosen by the board of trustees of the Cleveland state hospital to formulate a plan for furnishing the handsome new amusement building, which has just been completed at a cost of \$25,000, left today on a tour of inspection of other institutions. On this trip Dr. Gardner will visit Detroit, Grand Rapids and Flint, Mich., and on his return will visit eastern cities. The amusement building of the Cleveland institution will be equipped with all sorts of gymnastic paraphernalia.

This is great ice weather. Mr. Schimke, of the Artificial Ice Company, said yesterday, that the twelve tons which his plant can produce in twenty-four hours, have been just about one-half enough to supply the demand. By drawing on his reserve, however, he has been able to fill all orders. The average sale for several days about the fourth of July was twenty tons a day. Now it is a little less, but it is still equal to the capacity of the works. In Cleveland, too, they must be using lots of ice, for only the other day Mr. Schimke received an order for a car load. Last

embarrassed by the sudden increase of business.

AMONG OUR NEIGHBORS

Hattie Haven, a 15-year-old girl, met a horrible death on Wednesday at the farm of O. J. Vine about a mile and a half south-east of Louisville. The girl was helping Mr. Vine to haul hay, and late in the afternoon, after loading the wagon, she started to drive to the barn, while Mr. Vine followed on foot. On the road to the barn was a small grade, down which the horses started to trot, so that by the time the bottom was reached, the team was going very fast and kept on running until the barn was reached. In her effort to stop the horses, the girl was thrown in front of the wagon. One of the wheels of the heavily laden wagon passed over her head crushing her brains out and killing her instantly. The girl was a former inmate of the Fairmount Children's Home and about a year ago was made a member of the Vine family.

Abram Morthland, of Alliance, while digging in the back yard at his home in this city today, found an iron pot in which were a number of gold coins, old relics, etc. One of the coins bears the date of 1760. The ground had never been plowed before today. The pot in which the coins and relics were found was buried about two feet below the surface.

NEWS FROM BOLIVAR.
BOLIVAR, July 8.—Everybody is complaining of the hot weather. The thermometer stood at 96 in the shade on Sunday last, yet there were no prostrations. The intense heat drove a great many to their cellars in their efforts to keep cool. The Fourth passed off without accident. The full programme was carried out, although some of the performances were not as complete as was desired by those interested, yet they all did well and deserve praise for their efforts. The Scribner Female Orchestra was on hand and played for the ball in the evening. The novelty of the thing drew a good crowd to the hall. They play well for young girls. The festival held by the Dr. O. U. A. M. in the evening, was not a success financially. They made expenses and that was all. The crowd on Saturday was large—as large as at any gathering held here in years. They were peaceable and well-behaved; no use for a marshal at any time during the day. A more well-behaved crowd of people never congregated together.

The school board of the special district have decided to have the cupola and cornice of the high school building repainted, as it needs it badly. The contract will be let to Mrs. Steele, quite an old lady, south of the village, died Monday, and will be buried Wednesday, at the Catholic church at this place.

Captain Lennhart has the postoffice moved into its new quarters and is now dispensing the mail with the help of Miss Minnie Hawk, one of our estimable young ladies, who has clerked for some of the previous postmasters. Farmers are busy with their wheat crop. The crop is in splendid condition and will yield more than the average. The oats are short and affected with smut. If we get more rain the crop may turn out all right. The hay crop was large and farmers succeeded in getting it well cured without rain. Henry Smith is getting up a male choir for the Christian Endeavorers. Success to them. The Rev. Karl Nagel is to teach them at the German Lutheran church.

THE BODY IDENTIFIED.
CANAL FULTON, July 7.—The body of the man who committed suicide at North Lawrence, on Monday, by shooting himself in the brain, has been identified by Edward and John Wheeler, of Alliance, as that of their brother George, who lived with his sister in Canton. They said that he left Canton last Saturday for Massillon, and his long absence so aroused their fears that when they heard of the North Lawrence affair they decided to investigate.

George Wheeler was 50 years of age and was highly respected. He spent several years in Nevada, but since his return he met with financial losses which are supposed to have upset him. He had no family.

NEWS OF WEST BROOKFIELD.
WEST BROOKFIELD, July 10.—The Rev. Jacob Schaur and wife, of Atchison, Kan., are spending a few weeks at the home of their son-in-law, M. S. Miller. The Rev. Schaur will preach in the Lutheran church July 18. D. A. Levers has been appointed to fill the vacancy on the board of education caused by the death of Robinson Reinhold.

Accused of a Horrible Murder.
LOCK HAVEN, Pa., July 10.—John Cushing, one of the men who found the body of 6-year-old Edna Orider of Haneyville, who was feloniously assaulted then murdered, and Paul Kotsch, son of a German physician of Williamsport, have been placed in jail on suspicion of having murdered the child. The officers claim to have strong circumstantial evidence against the accused.

Europe Tackled the Sultan Again.
CONSTANTINOPLE, July 10.—Acting upon instructions received from their respective governments, the ambassadors of the powers have presented a collective note to the Turkish government demanding a cessation of the obstruction of the peace negotiations.

Durandt Still Lives.
SAN FRANCISCO, July 10.—The reprieve granted Theodore Durandt by Governor Budd has expired, but the murderer of Blanche Lamont and Minnie Williams is in no danger of hanging. The decision of the United States supreme court is awaited.

A Wealthy Girl Missing.
BOSTON, July 10.—Pretty Grace Stevenson, aged 25, daughter of Mr. Jas. Stevenson, the millionaire real estate operator, left her home in Brookline on

QUEEN OF PICKPOCKETS.

The Mysterious Shadow Woman Who Haunts San Francisco's Streets at Night.

San Francisco has a night prowler who is known as "the shadow woman." She is variously called Mabel Armstrong and May Keating, and she has the reputation of being one of the most expert and successful pickpockets in the country.

A child of the slums and a growth of the slums, May Keating has been a creature of



THE SHADOW WOMAN.

the Tenderloin for so long that it is hard to believe that, seasoned as she is in wickedness, she is now only 26 years old. She has been arrested scores of times, but so potent is her "pull" that the police have never been able to convict her.

The woman presents an interesting study in criminology. She is not without education, but the knowledge she has gained from books is as nothing to her knowledge of men, for that is her stock in trade. Mankind has been her study ever since she started upon her career of crime. She chooses her victims with the care that a hunter exercises when, having a herd of game before him, he selects only the sleek animals as his targets. Picking pockets being her trade, or profession, if you please, she devotes half her time to luring rich prey to her net. The rest is easy. The talons of this happy never release anything they have once grasped.

This light fingered will of the-wisp does not fall on her game by chance, as is the custom of her less expert sisters in the trade. She plans her work with all the deliberation of a burglar and the care of a general who is about to move into the enemy's country. She keeps herself informed regarding the arrival here of wealthy men and then endeavors to ascertain their habits and dispositions.

May Keating looks over the list of eligibles and picks out two or three as her particular prey. Then she prepares for the campaign. She attires herself carefully and stylishly and sets out upon the war-path.

The queen of the pickpockets lies in wait, much as a footpad would, until she locates the man she wants. Then comes the first step—to attract his attention. This is the easiest part of the contest. She presents herself as the bait, and he nibbles until he is fairly caught. It takes her only a moment to do her work.

All women pickpockets of the Keating order use the same tools, but the fair Mabel carries hers most dextrously. She always carries with her in the sleeve or pocket of her scalin coat, in her pocketbook or in some other convenient place a small pen-knife with a razor edged blade. While her guile is in befuddling herself with liquor or even while he is walking with her on the street May Keating slips a corner of his pocket with her knife, extracts his coins, and the thing is done.

After she has plucked her pigeon she invents an excuse to leave him and then disappears in the night.

DIVORCED BY A STATE.

Mrs. Acklan Freed by an Act of the Delaware Legislature.

A sad story is the experience of Mrs. Laura Crocker Acklan, the handsome and accomplished daughter of ex-Judge T. D.



MRS. LAURA C. ACKLAN.

Crocker of Cleveland, whose tears so impressed the members of the house of representatives at Dover, Del., recently that they forgot she was an heiress and passed her bill for divorce from her husband of less than a year. Mrs. Acklan is only 22 years old.

Early in March last Mrs. Acklan filed a bill for divorce in the senate. She told the divorce committee that her husband had misrepresented his age to her and her parents—he told her he was 32, she said, and he was 45—that he was not affectionate and that he hit treated her.

The committee listened to Mrs. Acklan's story of how he had disappointed her for about 15 minutes and by a unanimous vote agreed to report her bill favorably. When the matter came up in the house, however, it was side tracked, and it was only after diligent work on the part of the woman and many numerous quibbles involving many legislators that she was finally victorious.

Mrs. Acklan has acquired the distinction of being the first woman to be divorced

KIDNEY TROUBLES

Cured by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

"I have been a great sufferer from kidney trouble; pains in muscles, joints, back and shoulders; feet would swell. I also had womb troubles and leucorrhoea. After using Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound Blood Purifier and Liver Pills, I felt like a new woman. My kidneys are now in perfect condition."—Mrs. MAGGIE PORTS, 324 Kauffman St., Philadelphia, Pa.

"My system was entirely run down, and I suffered with terrible backache in the small of my back, and could hardly stand upright. I had no appetite. Since taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, I have gained fifteen pounds, and I look better than I ever looked before."—Mrs. E. F. MORTON, 1043 Hopkins St., Cincinnati, Ohio.

LYDIA CHIPPEN, Box 77, St. Andrew's Bay, Fla., says:—"Before taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, I had suffered many years with kidney trouble. The pains in my back and shoulders were terrible. My menstruation became irregular, and I was troubled with leucorrhoea. I was growing very weak. I began the use of Mrs. Pinkham's medicine, and the first bottle relieved the pain in my back and regulated the menses. It relieved the pain quickly and cured the disease."

DUN'S WEEKLY REVIEW.
The Miner's Strike is Seriously Affecting Business.

New York, July 10.—H. G. Dun & Co.'s Weekly Review of Trade issued today says: The strike of the bituminous coal miners has taken 15,000 men or more from work and threatens to restrict supplies for fuel in some quarters, though the West Virginia and some other mines which declined to take part, claim to be able to meet the eastern demand for some months. At the west the strike is by no means untidily sustained and the impression prevails that it will not last long. The textile works have settled the wage question and are again busy and show a production of 4,500,000 boxes yearly, with a capacity of 6,250,000 boxes. The bar mills have more trouble, but a general settlement of the iron and steel wage is expected without much delay. New orders are small since the annual vacation began, but yet are large enough, the season considered, to afford some encouragement. Tin is stronger at 14.10 cents without concessions.

The woolen mills are getting decidedly more orders for fall wools and beginning hopefully on spring goods, but are cautious in contracts for future delivery. Some have made large purchases of wool, but by far the greater part of the sales, which amounted to 14,120,500 pounds at the three chief markets for the week, have been of speculative character. Western prices are held much above those of seaboard markets. Montana, scoured being sold according to reports at the equivalent of 42 cents at the east, against 38 at Boston and 40 at Philadelphia. There is a better demand for domestic wool in expectation of higher prices.

While the most cautious estimates of wheat yield have been advanced, that of the Orange and Red Farmer to 575,000,000 bushels, prices have been lifted nearly 37 cents here, although Atlantic exports, flour included, were, for the week, 1,01,953 bushels, against 1,418,336 bushels last year. Western receipts are small, only 1,394,632 bushels, against 2,973,406 bushels last year, and the disposition of farmers to hold for higher figures is strengthened by many foreign reports. It seems to be the fact that crops in other countries are less promising than usual, and the demand for American wheat is supplemented even at this season by exports of 2,605,594 bushels corn, against 530,610 bushels for the same week last year.

Each week raises the estimate of wheat yield, however, and if the weather continues favorable, the crop may prove a most important factor in the future of national and international business. The prospect as to corn is growing more cheerful with each week and an immense crop is now anticipated.

Failures for the week have been 206 in the United States, against 215 last year, and 30 in Canada, against 29 last year.

Another Confession From Thorn.

NEW YORK, July 10.—Martin Thorn, in addition to the statements attributed to him in the confession given out at police headquarters, has made a complete acknowledgment of his connection with the crime for which he and Mrs. Nack have been indicted by the grand jury. He says Mrs. Nack had nothing to do with the actual killing, he doing it himself, but she helped dispose of the body.

Might Be Worse.

"These stripes," sighed the convict, "make a man feel small." The kind woman who had come into the darksome place to cheer him smiled radiantly. "Only think," she urged, "how much worse they would be if they ran the other way."—Detroit Journal.

"If taken into the head by the nostrils two or three times a week, Thomas' Electric Oil will positively relieve the most offensive case of catarrh." Rev. E. F. Crane, Dunkirk, N. Y.

Wright's Celery Tea cures constipation, sick headache. 27c at druggists.

Sheriff's Sale.

THE STATE OF OHIO, STARK COUNTY, ss.

Robert A. PIRR, Sheriff.

ORDER OF SALE.

Gilbert N. Porter, et al., vs. By virtue of an order of sale, issued by the Clerk of the Court of Common Pleas of Stark County, Ohio, and to me directed, I will offer for sale public auction, in the door of the Court House, in the City of Canton, on

Saturday, July 24, '97,

the following described real estate, to-wit: Lot No. 24 in the City of Massillon, Stark County, Ohio, being old lot No. 4 in Massillon, Stark County, Ohio. Appraised at eighteen hundred dollars (\$1800.00). Terms cash. Sale to commence at 10 a. m.



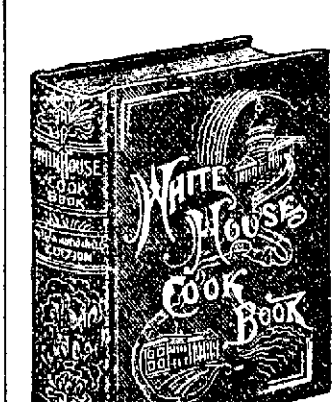
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It more fully represents the progress and perfection of the culinary art than any previous work.



The "WHITE HOUSE" was compiled by Hugo Ziemann, steward of the White House under President Harrison, and Mrs. F. L. Gillette. It contains over 1,600 Cooking Recipes, besides recipes for toilet and household. Special articles on buying provisions, dinner giving, table etiquette, carving and care of sick.

A novel and most important department consists of carefully prepared Menus for Breakfast, Luncheon and Dinner, complete for one week in every month of the year.

Point of authorship, it stands preeminent. Hugo Ziemann was at one time caterer for that Prince Napoleon who was killed while fighting the Zulus in Africa. He was afterwards steward of the famous Hotel Splendid in Paris. Later he conducted the celebrated Brunswick Cafe in New York, and still later he gave to the Hotel Richelieu, in Chicago, a cuisine which won the applause of even the gourmets of foreign lands. It was here that the famous "spread" to which the chiefs of the warring factions of the Republican Convention set down, in June, 1888, and from which they arose with asperities softened, differences harmonized, and victory organized.

Mrs. F. L. Gillette is no less proficient and capable, having made a life-long and thorough study of cookery and housekeeping, especially as adapted to the practical wants of average American homes.

The work is embellished with fine portraits of all the ladies of the White House. The book has been prepared with great care. Every recipe has been tried and tested, and can be relied upon as one of the best of its kind. It is comprehensive, filling completely, it is believed, the requirements of housekeepers of all classes. It embodies several original and commendable features, among which may be mentioned the menus for the holidays and for one week in each month in the year, thus covering all varieties of seasons, the convenient classification and arrangement of topics; the simplified method of explanation in preparing an article, in the order of manipulation, thereby enabling the most inexperienced to clearly comprehend it. The subject of carving has been given a prominent place, not only because of its special importance in a work of this kind, but particularly because it contains entirely new and original designs, and is so far a departure from the usual mode of treating the subject.

Interesting information is given concerning the White House; how its hospitality is conducted, the menus served on special occasions, views of the interior.

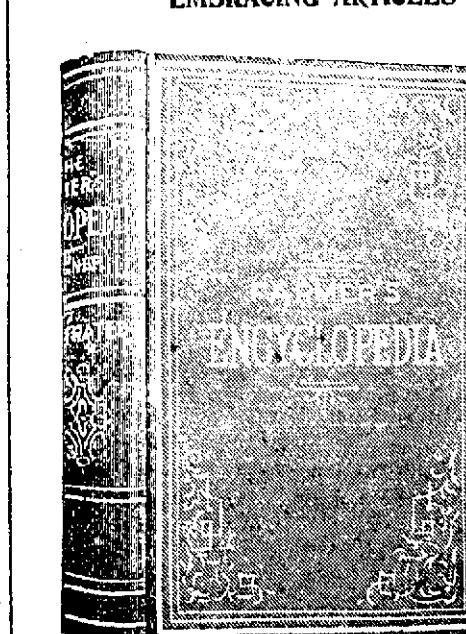
The binding being of enameled cloth it can at any time be readily cleaned and made to look bright and fresh by simply rubbing it off with a damp cloth or sponge.

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